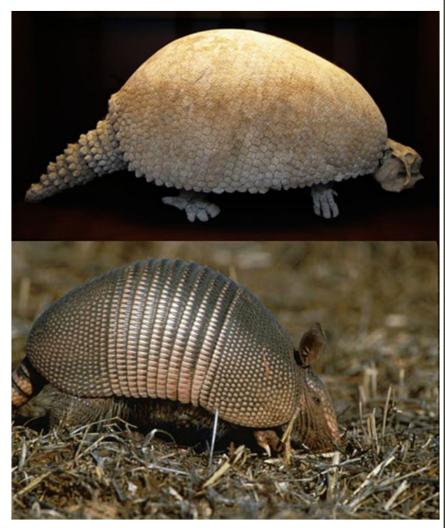
Evidence of Evolution

Section 15.2

- Darwin wrote a book called The Origin of Species
 - Provided evidence that evolution has occurred
 - Natural selection was part of the theory or evolution
 - Natural selection and evolution are NOT the same thing!

- The theory of evolution states:
 - <u>All organisms on Earth</u> <u>have descended</u> <u>from a common</u> <u>ancestor</u>
- The fossil record shows ancient species that are similar to current species
 - Armadillo and Glyptodont
 - Horseshoe crab unchanged



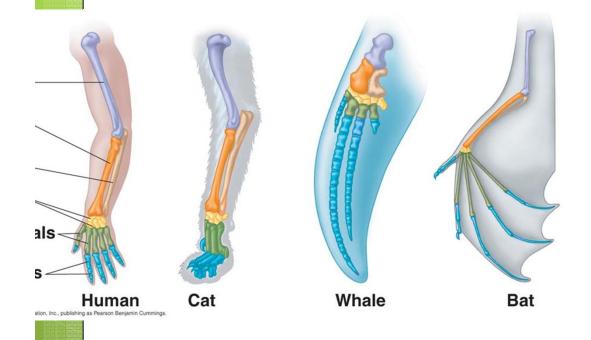
- Many fossils show intermediate traits
 - Features shared by different species
 - Example:
 - Dinosaur bones that show feathers from modern birds AND teeth similar to reptiles
 - Arcaheopteryx

- Fossils show scientists two different types of traits:
 - 1) derived traits
 - Newly evolved features
 - Ex: feathers that are not on fossils of common ancestors

• 2) ancestral traits

- Features that do appear on ancestors
- Ex: teeth and tails

Comparative Anatomy



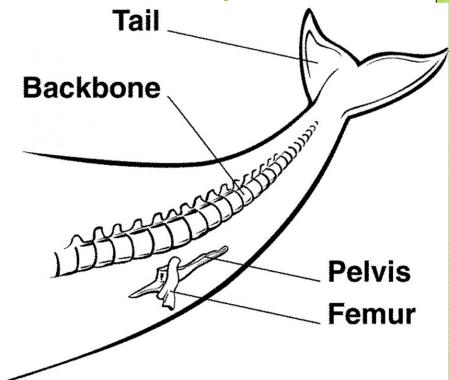
• Homologous Structures

- anatomically similar structures
- Inherited from a common ancestor
- Ex: limbs and wings

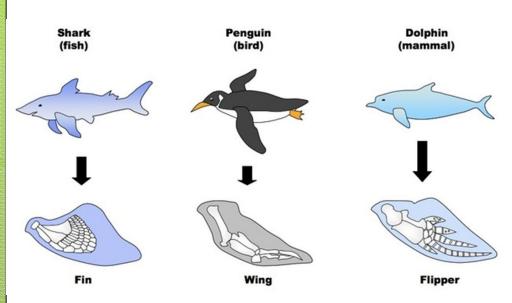
Comparative Anatomy

Vestigial Structures

- A functioning structure in one species is less functional in a closely related species
- Ex: wings in kiwi birds



Comparative Anatomy



Analogous Structures

- Similar in construction and purpose
- Not from a common ancestor
- Ex: wings on eagles vs beetles